

General Solar Position Calculations

NOAA Global Monitoring Division

First, the fractional year (γ) is calculated, in radians.

$$\gamma = \frac{2\pi}{365} * (\text{day_of_year} - 1 + \frac{\text{hour} - 12}{24})$$

(For leap years, use 366 instead of 365 in the denominator.)

From γ , we can estimate the equation of time (in minutes) and the solar declination angle (in radians).

$$\text{eqtime} = 229.18 * (0.000075 + 0.001868 \cos(\gamma) - 0.032077 \sin(\gamma) - 0.014615 \cos(2\gamma) - 0.040849 \sin(2\gamma))$$

$$\text{decl} = 0.006918 - 0.399912 \cos(\gamma) + 0.070257 \sin(\gamma) - 0.006758 \cos(2\gamma) + 0.000907 \sin(2\gamma) - 0.002697 \cos(3\gamma) + 0.00148 \sin(3\gamma)$$

Next, the true solar time is calculated in the following two equations. First the time offset is found, in minutes, and then the true solar time, in minutes.

$$\text{time_offset} = \text{eqtime} + 4 * \text{longitude} - 60 * \text{timezone}$$

where eqtime is in minutes, longitude is in degrees (positive to the east of the Prime Meridian), timezone is in hours from UTC (U.S. Mountain Standard Time = -7 hours).

$$\text{tst} = \text{hr} * 60 + \text{mn} + \text{sc}/60 + \text{time_offset}$$

where hr is the hour (0 - 23), mn is the minute (0 - 59), sc is the second (0 - 59).

The solar hour angle, in degrees, is:

$$\text{ha} = (\text{tst} / 4) - 180$$

The solar zenith angle (ϕ) can then be found from the hour angle (ha), latitude (lat) and solar declination (decl) using the following equation:

$$\cos(\phi) = \sin(\text{lat}) \sin(\text{decl}) + \cos(\text{lat}) \cos(\text{decl}) \cos(\text{ha})$$

And the solar azimuth (θ , degrees clockwise from north) is found from:

$$\cos(180 - \theta) = - \frac{\sin(\text{lat}) \cos(\phi) - \sin(\text{decl})}{\cos(\text{lat}) \sin(\phi)}$$

Sunrise/Sunset Calculations

For the special case of sunrise or sunset, the zenith is set to 90.833° (the approximate correction for atmospheric refraction at sunrise and sunset, and the size of the solar disk), and the hour angle becomes:

$$ha = \pm \arccos \left\{ \frac{\cos(90.833)}{\cos(lat) \cos(decl)} - \tan(lat) \tan(decl) \right\}$$

where the positive number corresponds to sunrise, negative to sunset.

Then the UTC time of sunrise (or sunset) in minutes is:

$$sunrise = 720 - 4 * (longitude + ha) - eqtime$$

where longitude and hour angle are in degrees and the equation of time is in minutes.

Solar noon for a given location is found from the longitude (in degrees, positive to the east of the Prime Meridian) and the equation of time (in minutes):

$$snoon = 720 - 4 * longitude - eqtime$$

SEMI DIAMETER (SD)

[illegible]

Height of Eye Correction		
Meters	Dip '	Feet
0.4	1.11'	1.30
0.6	1.36'	1.95
0.8	1.57'	2.60
1.0	1.76'	3.25
1.2	1.93'	3.90
1.4	2.08'	4.55
1.6	2.23'	5.20
1.8	2.36'	5.85
2.0	2.49'	6.50
2.2	2.61'	7.15
2.4	2.73'	7.80
2.6	2.84'	8.45
2.8	2.95'	9.10
3.0	3.05'	9.75
3.2	3.15'	10.40
3.4	3.25'	11.05
3.6	3.34'	11.70
3.8	3.43'	12.35
4.0	3.52'	13.00
Always SUBTRACT		

PARALLAX	
Alt (Ha)	Parallax
0	0.14'
5	0.14'
10	0.14'
15	0.14'
20	0.14'
25	0.13'
30	0.12'
35	0.12'
40	0.11'
45	0.10'
50	0.09'
55	0.08'
60	0.07'
65	0.06'
70	0.05'
75	0.04'
80	0.03'
85	0.01'
90	0.00'
Always ADD	

Hs = Sextant Altitude

Sextant Corrections

Ha = Actual measure altitude

$$H_a = H_s \pm \text{Index Error (IE)} - \text{Dip}$$

Altitude Corrections

Ho = True Observed Altitude

$$H_o = H_a + \text{Parallax} - \text{Refraction} \pm \text{SD}$$

ADD Index Error if OFF the arc

SUBTRACT Index Error if ON the arc.

If using an artificial horizon Dip = 0.

$$H_a = (H_s \pm \text{Index Error})/2$$

Then apply Altitude Corrections in the normal manner.

Alt (Ha)	mB & DegC			REFRACTION			mB & DegC		
	1000	1015	1030	10	20	30	10	20	30
1	24.14'	23.31'	22.54'	24.50'	23.66'	22.88'	24.86'	24.01'	23.22'
2	18.07'	17.46'	16.88'	18.34'	17.72'	17.13'	18.61'	17.98'	17.39'
3	14.23'	13.75'	13.29'	14.44'	13.95'	13.49'	14.66'	14.16'	13.69'
4	11.64'	11.25'	10.87'	11.82'	11.41'	11.04'	11.99'	11.58'	11.20'
5	9.80'	9.47'	9.16'	9.95'	9.61'	9.30'	10.10'	9.75'	9.43'
6	8.44'	8.15'	7.88'	8.57'	8.28'	8.00'	8.69'	8.40'	8.12'
7	7.39'	7.14'	6.91'	7.51'	7.25'	7.01'	7.62'	7.36'	7.11'
8	6.57'	6.34'	6.13'	6.67'	6.44'	6.23'	6.76'	6.53'	6.32'
9	5.90'	5.70'	5.51'	5.99'	5.78'	5.59'	6.08'	5.87'	5.68'
10	5.35'	5.17'	5.00'	5.43'	5.24'	5.07'	5.51'	5.32'	5.15'
12	4.50'	4.34'	4.20'	4.56'	4.41'	4.26'	4.63'	4.47'	4.32'
14	3.86'	3.73'	3.61'	3.92'	3.79'	3.66'	3.98'	3.84'	3.72'
16	3.38'	3.26'	3.16'	3.43'	3.31'	3.20'	3.48'	3.36'	3.25'
18	3.00'	2.89'	2.80'	3.04'	2.94'	2.84'	3.09'	2.98'	2.88'
20	2.68'	2.59'	2.50'	2.72'	2.63'	2.54'	2.76'	2.67'	2.58'
22	2.42'	2.34'	2.26'	2.46'	2.37'	2.30'	2.49'	2.41'	2.33'
24	2.20'	2.13'	2.06'	2.23'	2.16'	2.09'	2.27'	2.19'	2.12'
26	2.01'	1.94'	1.88'	2.04'	1.97'	1.91'	2.07'	2.00'	1.94'
28	1.85'	1.79'	1.73'	1.88'	1.81'	1.75'	1.90'	1.84'	1.78'
30	1.70'	1.65'	1.59'	1.73'	1.67'	1.62'	1.75'	1.69'	1.64'
35	1.41'	1.36'	1.31'	1.43'	1.38'	1.33'	1.45'	1.40'	1.35'
40	1.18'	1.14'	1.10'	1.19'	1.15'	1.11'	1.21'	1.17'	1.13'
45	0.99'	0.95'	0.92'	1.00'	0.97'	0.94'	1.02'	0.98'	0.95'
50	0.83'	0.80'	0.77'	0.84'	0.81'	0.79'	0.85'	0.82'	0.80'
55	0.69'	0.67'	0.65'	0.70'	0.68'	0.66'	0.71'	0.69'	0.67'
60	0.57'	0.55'	0.53'	0.58'	0.56'	0.54'	0.59'	0.57'	0.55'
65	0.46'	0.44'	0.43'	0.47'	0.45'	0.44'	0.47'	0.46'	0.44'
70	0.36'	0.35'	0.34'	0.36'	0.35'	0.34'	0.37'	0.36'	0.35'
75	0.26'	0.26'	0.25'	0.27'	0.26'	0.25'	0.27'	0.26'	0.25'
80	0.17'	0.17'	0.16'	0.18'	0.17'	0.16'	0.18'	0.17'	0.17'
85	0.09'	0.08'	0.08'	0.09'	0.08'	0.08'	0.09'	0.08'	0.08'
90	0.00'	0.00'	0.00'	0.00'	0.00'	0.00'	0.00'	0.00'	0.00'

Always SUBTRACT